

# CONNECTICUT SCIENCE & ENGINEERING FAIR

[www.ctsciencefair.org](http://www.ctsciencefair.org)

## Top Winners in the 2019 Connecticut Science & Engineering Fair

( Student information as of April 2019 )

**Raina Jain, Grade 11**

**Greenwich High School, Greenwich, CT**

*Control of Varroa Destructor Infestation with a Dual-function, Thymol-Emitting Honey Bee Hive*

### Connecticut Science & Engineering Fair Awards

- \* The Jackson Laboratory Life Sciences Awards --- 1st Place- Life Sciences Senior High- \$500 & Plaque, Trip to compete at Intel ISEF
- \* Petit Family Foundation Women in Science & Engineering Awards --- High School Finalist - Medallion
- \* Environmental Sciences Awards with CACIWC --- 1st Place HS- \$500, Plaque, CACIWC gifts
- \* Collins Aerospace Engineering Awards --- 1st Place- Engineering Senior High- Trip to compete at Intel ISEF, \$500 & plaque,
- \* H. Joseph Gerber Award of Excellence presented by the Connecticut Academy of Science and Engineering in partnership with CCAT --- Life Sciences Senior 1st HS- \$1,000, Solid Silver Medal of Excellence, Invite to CASE
- \* Fuss & O'Neill, Inc. --- \$200 Award for Excellence in Alternative/Renewable Energy
- \* University of Hartford --- University of Hartford Scholarship- For Excellence in Engineering, Science or Mathematics \$26,000
- \* TurnKey Compliance Solutions Environmental Awards --- \$300 Cash Award High School- For excellence in environmental sciences
- \* University of New Haven High School Awards in Engineering & Science --- \$100 For High School Project in Environmental Science
- \* University of Connecticut Academic Excellence Scholarship --- Academic Excellence Scholarship - \$6,500 a year for four academic years- (\$26,000 total)
- \* Lunch with a Patent Attorney --- Lunch with a Patent Attorney

### Abstract

In the last decade, one-third of all honey-bee colonies have vanished, in Colony Collapse Disorder (CCD). The root cause of CCD has been debated, with focus on pesticides, and varroa mite (vm) infestation of hives. Recent literature provides evidence that vm feed on fat bodies of honey-bees, which when depleted, weakens the honey-bee so that pesticides can cause death. Therefore, a simple and effective method to remove vm from hives is urgently needed, and is the focus of this research. To begin, a beehive entranceway was designed, that released thymol "miticide" onto the bees upon contact, as they enter/leave the hive. The entranceway is dual-function, also time-releasing gaseous thymol into the hive. A 20x20x150mm entranceway, with 13 alternating 9mm circular holes, was 3D-printed and coated with a 50/50-%w/w mixture of thymol/Hydromed-D in ethanol. The entranceway was placed onto a bee-hive, where bees demonstrated indifference to the entranceway. Under normal bee-behavior, GC-FID analysis of bee-body highlights as much as 28µg of thymol released onto the bee by contact-per-day. With a demonstrated 4-day exponential decay, the vm LC50 for thymol (56µg) is reached, only four days after entranceway installation. Similar analysis of the 4L headspace for a (19.75''x16''x20'') hive revealed 5.44µg/L of thymol released, acting as ongoing vm control throughout the hive. Entranceway release of thymol surpasses that of the most widely-used thymol varroacide, and is temperature-independent throughout the practical range of use (2°C-45°C). Finally, GC-FID modeling suggests a 1-month lifetime of the entranceway, which is easily recharged without disturbing the hive.

### Biography

